



sealing reconstituted sandstone pavers

when to seal reconstituted sandstone pavers

When sandstone is used in areas of heavy traffic or where soiling or staining could be a problem, sealing the stone is the best way to ensure that it can be maintained.

what to use

A natural paving seal is recommended as this is a solvent-based penetrating seal. This will not leave a residue or film on the paver surface and will leave a natural look. It also offers a high level of protection against stains such as food stains and day to day soiling.

The natural sealer is suitable for all external use porous pavers. The benefits of this seal include:

- Fast sealing and curing allows foot traffic in approximately 1 hour
- Mildew resistant
- Permits vapour transmissions
- Resistance to both oil and water borne contaminants

Paver sealants are available from Provincial Plants and Landscapes

how to seal the pavers

- Always do a small trial area first in an inconspicuous place – this allows you to get used to using the product
- Make sure the surface is sound and dry and thoroughly clean and free of any oil, grease, paint, grout, cement residue, efflorescence or acid apply one thin coat of natural paving seal undiluted and using a dry absorbent white cloth, lambs wool applicator or solvent-resistant sprayer. To ensure you have total coverage, apply the seal in a north-south and then east-west direction
- Two coats are needed – apply the second at least one hour after the first coat
- The natural seal needs 12 hours to fully cure but you can walk on the sealed pavers after about one hour
- Please ensure that no water comes into contact with the newly sealed pavers for at least 2 hours after application
- Always follow the manufacturer's instructions

