



Quercus palustris freefall EDF

Pin Oak early defoliating form

This is a large deciduous oak. This tree is very similar to the regular palustris, though loses its leaves much earlier in the season. This tree grows in a conical shape with the upper branches often ascending, the middle and lower branches spreading horizontally. Foliage is deep green turning shades of red and bronze through autumn.

Origin	Southern Canada.
Size	Up to 30 metres high, Up to 20 metres wide.
Cultural Notes	Full sun preferred. This tree grows best with medium water but is adaptable to a range of environmental conditions, both wet and dry.
Tolerates	Will tolerate periods of drought. It is tolerant of pollution.
Flowers / Flowering Season	Flowers are small and significant clusters called catkins that appear in late spring. Males are a Grey-green colour and females are yellow-tan green. This is followed by acorns. These attract local wildlife
Foliage Colour or Type	Foliage is a dark green colour with a shiny coat. The leaf has pointy lobes to its shape. Leaves will turn bronze scarlet colours through autumn. The foliage of This tree will fall early in the season.
Soil Type	Well-draining soil preferred. Prefers pH levels toward the acidic side.
Suited to	Due to its size, this tree is great for parklands, streetscapes and avenues.

